

A WRITING THE WORDS

- A. Write these words on the blank lines.
Then say each word.

Write

submarine

1. _____

subtract

2. _____

exit

3. _____

descend

4. _____

except

5. _____

deposit

6. _____

describe

7. _____

subdivision

8. _____

exhaust

9. _____

derive

10. _____

- B. Each word begins with a prefix.
Write the prefix for each word.

1. _____

2. _____

3. _____

4. _____

5. _____

6. _____

7. _____

8. _____

9. _____

10. _____

THESE PREFIXES HAVE MEANINGS THAT GIVE **DIRECTION**.

SEQUENCE 7-1

ab- prefix [ME, fr. OF & L; OF, fr. L *ab-*, *abs-*, *a-*, fr. *ab*. *a* – more at OF] : from : away : off <*abaxial*> <*abstrict*>

dis- prefix [ME *dis-*, *des-*, fr. OF & L; OF *des-*, *dis-*, fr. L *dis-*, lit., apart; akin to OE *te-* apart, L *duo* two – more at TWO] **1 a** : do the opposite of <*disestablish*> **b** : deprive of (a specified quality, rank, or object) <*disable*> <*disprince*> <*disfrock*> **c** : exclude

or expel from <*disbar*> **2** : opposite or absence of <*disunion*> <*disaffection*> **3** : not <*disagreeable*> **4** : completely <*disannual*> **5** : [by folk etymology] : DYS- <*disfunction*>

ob- prefix [NL, fr. L., in the way, against, toward, fr. *ob* in the way of – more at EPI] : inversely <*obovate*>

B USING CONTEXT CLUES

Place an X in front of each correct answer. The word may be used correctly in one or both of the sentences.

- To abolish something is to
___a. do away with it completely.
___b. add something to it.
- To notice someone's absence is to
___a. notice the clothes they are wearing.
___b. notice that they are missing.
- To absorb something is to
___a. change the way it looks.
___b. take it in.
- To object to something means
___a. you are in favor of it.
___b. you are against it.
- To observe something means
___a. careful attention is paid when watching something.
___b. careful attention is paid when listening to something.

Check your answers with the Key on page 137.

C CHECKING THE MEANING

Read the words in the boxes. Choose the word that best completes the sentence under them. Write that word on the line. Then complete the next sentence by placing an X in front of the correct answer.

1. absurd obstacle

Lack of an education is an _____ to living a comfortable lifestyle.

This sentence means

- ___a. a lack of education is never a problem.
 ___b. a lack of education can help a person achieve success.
 ___c. a lack of education can prevent a person from living well.

2. dispense obligation

The boy had an _____ to pay for the window he had broken.

This sentence means

- ___a. it was the boy's duty to pay for the broken window.
 ___b. the boy paid for the window.
 ___c. the boy was not responsible for the broken window.

3. absurd dispel

The realtor tried to _____ the rumor that the house was haunted.

This sentence means

- ___a. the realtor ignored the rumor.
 ___b. the realtor tried to do away with the rumor.
 ___c. the realtor started the rumor.

4. disburse dispel

The man had to _____ twelve thousand dollars for a new roof.

This sentence means

- ___a. the man took out a loan to pay for the new roof.
 ___b. the man could not afford the new roof.
 ___c. the man had to pay a large sum for the new roof.

5. dispense absurd

Three nurses were needed to _____ the medicine to all the patients.

This sentence means

- ___a. three nurses were needed to give out the medicine.
 ___b. three nurses were needed to destroy the medicine.
 ___c. three nurses were needed to count the medicine.

Check your answers with the Key on page 137.

SEQUENCE 9-1

D COMPLETING THE SENTENCES

Choose a word from the box that best completes each sentence. Write it on the line.

biased	triangle	monogamy	monologue
monolith	biannual	triarchy	monochromatic

1. People involved in debates are almost always _____.
2. The student was required to memorize a lengthy _____ for the play.
3. The interior decorator chose a _____ color scheme.
4. The marble _____ was extremely expensive.
5. Marriage to only one mate is called _____.

Check your answers with the Key on page 137.

E USING THE SKILL

Underline the word that best completes each sentence.

1. The country was governed by a (monolith, triarchy).
2. The student council election was held on a (biased, biannual) basis.
3. We visit Grandmother on a (biennial, triarchy) basis.
4. A (triennial, triangle) is a three-sided figure.
5. A (triangle, triennial) event occurs every three years.

Check your answers with the Key on page 137.

F SUPPLEMENTARY WRITING EXERCISE

The prefixes that were taught in this lesson are:

mono-	bi-	tri-
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Write sentences in which you use each of the prefixes in a word in the sentence.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____